

**SECTION 1) PRODUCT NAME AND COMPANY INFORMATION**

**PRODUCT CODE:** Roklin Catalyst  
**TRADE NAME:** UL 29 Catalyst  
**MANUFACTURER:** Roklin Systems, Inc.  
**ADDRESS:** 300 E. Shell Rd. Ventura, CA 93001  
**PHONE NUMBER:** 877-353-9738  
**EMERGENCY PHONE:** 805-616-8763  
**FAX NUMBER:** 805-204-4145  
**ROKLIN EMERGENCY PHONE:** 805-256-7682

**SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

**Classification:** Acute toxicity Oral Category 4 **Signal Word:** Warning **Pictograms:**

**Hazardous Statements – Health:**

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

**Precautionary Statements - General:**

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use.

**Precautionary Statements - Prevention:**

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

**Precautionary Statements - Response:**

P301 + P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P330 - Rinse mouth.

**Precautionary Statements - Storage:**

No precautionary statement available.

**Precautionary Statements - Disposal:**

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.



**SECTION 3) COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

| CAS          | Chemical Name  | % By Weight |
|--------------|--|-------------|
| 0026401-97-8 | ACETIC ACID, 2,2'-[(DIOCTYLSTANNYLENE)BIS(THIO)]BIS-, 1,1'-DIISOCTYL ESTER | 65% - 100%  |

**SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES**

**Inhalation:** Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should administer emergency oxygen if advised to do so by the POISON CENTER/doctor. If exposed/feel unwell/concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

**Skin Contact:** Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Gently blot or brush away excess product. Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use or discard.

**IF exposed or concerned:** Get medical advice/attention.

**Eye Contact:** Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical protective gloves, if necessary.

Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Ingestion:

Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position.

**IF exposed or concerned:** Get medical advice/attention.

### **SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

**Suitable Extinguishing Media:** Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide is recommended. Water spray is recommended to cool or protect exposed materials or structures. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam. Sand or earth may be used for small fires only. **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:**

If water is used, use very large quantities of cold water. The reaction between water and hot isocyanate may be vigorous. **Specific Hazards in Case of Fire:** Water contamination will produce carbon dioxide. Do not reseal contaminated containers as pressure buildup may rupture them.

**Fire-fighting Procedures:** Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

**Special Protective Actions:** Wear NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus in positive pressure mode with full-face piece. Boots, gloves (neoprene), goggles, and full protective clothing are also required. Care should always be exercised in dust/mist areas.

### **SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**Emergency Procedure:** ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Isolate hazard area and keep unnecessary people away. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs, or is likely to occur. If spilled material is cleaned up using a regulated solvent, the resulting waste mixture may be regulated.

**Recommended Equipment:** Positive pressure, full-face piece self-contained breathing apparatus(SCBA), or positive pressure supplied air respirator with escape SCBA (NIOSH approved).

**Personal Precautions:** Avoid breathing vapors. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

**Environmental Precautions:** Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

**Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up:** Construct a dike to prevent spreading. Wear skin, eye, and respiratory protection during cleanup. Soak up material with absorbent and shovel into a chemical waste container. Cover container, but do not seal, and remove from work area. Residues from spill cleanup may continue to be regulated under provisions of RCRA and require storage and disposal as hazardous waste. For major spills, call CHEMTREC (Chemical Transportation Emergency Center) at 800-424-9300.

### **SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**General:** Wash hands after use. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

**Ventilation Requirements:** Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

**Storage Room Requirements:** Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, strong oxidizers and any incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Empty container retain residue and may be dangerous. Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment and intrinsically safe electrical systems in areas where this product is used and stored. The material is Class III B Combustible; the combustion products may be hazardous.

### SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Eye Protection:** Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids. If additional protection is needed for entire face, use in combination with a face shield.

**Skin Protection:** Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over-boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to avoid skin sensitization. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

**Respiratory Protection:** If airborne concentrations exceed or are expected to exceed the TLV, use MSHA/NIOSH approved positive pressure supplied air respiratory with a full face piece or an air supplied hood. For emergencies, use a positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

**Appropriate Engineering Controls:** Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Exhaust air may need to be cleaned by scrubbers of filters to reduce environmental contamination.

**None of the chemicals in Section 3 are regulated under:** "OSHA\_Tables\_Z1\_Z2\_Z3", "OSHA\_Carcinogen - OSHA Carcinogen", "OSHAtppm", "OSHAatmg", "OSHAasppm", "OSHAasmg", "ACGIHtppm", "ACGIHtmg", "ACGIHsppm", "ACGIHsmg", "nioshtppm", "nioshtmg", "nioshsppm", "nioshsmg", "NIOSH\_carcinogen", "OSHA\_SkinDesignation"

### SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

|                               |                          |                                 |                                     |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Density: 8.97 lb/gal          | Odor Description: Faint  | Lower Explosion Level: N.A.     | Melting Point: N.A.                 |
| Specific Gravity: 1.08        | Odor                     | Upper Explosion Level: N.A.     | Low Boiling Point: N.A.             |
| VOC Regulatory: 0.00 lb/gal   | pH: N.A.                 | Vapor Pressure: N.A.            | High Boiling Point: N.A.            |
| VOC Part A & B Combined: N.A. | Water Solubility: N.A.   | Vapor Density: Heavier than air | Auto Ignition Temp: N.A.            |
| Appearance: Liquid            | Flammability: N/A        | Flash Point: 190 °C             | Decomposition Pt: N.A.              |
| Odor Threshold: N.A.          | Flash Point Symbol: N.A. | Viscosity: N.A.                 | Evaporation Rate: Slower than ether |
|                               |                          |                                 | Coefficient Water/Oil: N.A.         |

### SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Stability:** Material is stable at standard temperature and pressure.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Heat, high temperature, open flame, sparks, and moisture.

**Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization:** Will not occur under normal conditions but under high temperatures in the presence of alkalis, tertiary amines, and metal compounds will accelerate polymerization. Possible evolution of carbon dioxide gas may rupture closed containers.

**Incompatible Materials:** Strong acids and other strong oxidizing agents.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Combustion products: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, tin oxides, and other unidentified fragments.

### SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation:** Skin irritation or pain. Prolonged contact may result in chemical burns, scarring or other permanent damage. Systemically toxic concentrations of this product will probably not be absorbed through human skin.

**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation:** Prolonged contact can cause conjunctivitis or corneal damage.

**Carcinogenicity:** No data available

**Respiratory/Skin Sensitization:** No data available

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity:** No data available

**Reproductive Toxicity:** No data available

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure:** No data available

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure:** No data available

**Aspiration Hazard:** No data available

**SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION continued**

**Acute Toxicity:** Vapors can irritate eyes, nose, and respiratory passages. Severe overexposure may induce respiratory sensitization with asthma like symptoms. Symptoms include chronic cough, tightness of chest with difficulty in breathing. These symptoms may be immediate or delayed up to several hours after exposure. Chronic exposures may result in permanent decreases in lung function. Under normal conditions, risk of exposure to vapors is minimal; however spraying or sudden release of hot liquid would cause exposure to vapors. Irritation or chemical burns of the mouth, pharynx, esophagus and stomach can develop following ingestion, and injury may be severe. Gastrointestinal discomfort with any or all of the following symptoms: nausea, vomiting, lethargy, or diarrhea may result.

**SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Toxicity:** No data available **Persistence and Degradability:** No data available. **Bioaccumulative Potential:** No data available. **Mobility in Soil:** No data available. **Other Adverse Effects:** No data available.

**SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Waste Disposal:** Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product, to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state, and local laws. Empty containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

**SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**U.S. DOT Information:** Not Regulated **IMDG Information:** Not Regulated **IATA Information:** Not Regulated

**SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**CAS** 0026401-97-8

**Chemical Name** ACETIC ACID, 2,2'[(DIOCTYLSTANNYLENE) BIS(THIO)]BIS-, 1,1'DIISOCTYL ESTER

**% By Weight** 65% - 100%      **Regulation List**      DSL,SARA312,TSCA

**SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION**

**Note:** As per GHS, category 1 is the greatest level of hazard within each class.

**GLOSSARY:** ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG- Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL- Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ - Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA - Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

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